



**THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY**

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# Transformer: A Database-Driven Approach to Generating Forms for Constrained Interaction

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# Motivation

- Forms are a common interface for data-entry and querying
  - Ordering food
  - Making appointments
  - Applications
  - Doctor's office
- Shift from paper to digital
- Smaller screens



# Constrained Interaction

- Different devices have different ideal form layouts
- Desktops – Typing is fast
- Touch devices
  - Tablets: imprecision due to lack of physical keyboard
  - Smartphones: small screen
- Incomplete responses and errors, increase user input time



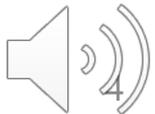
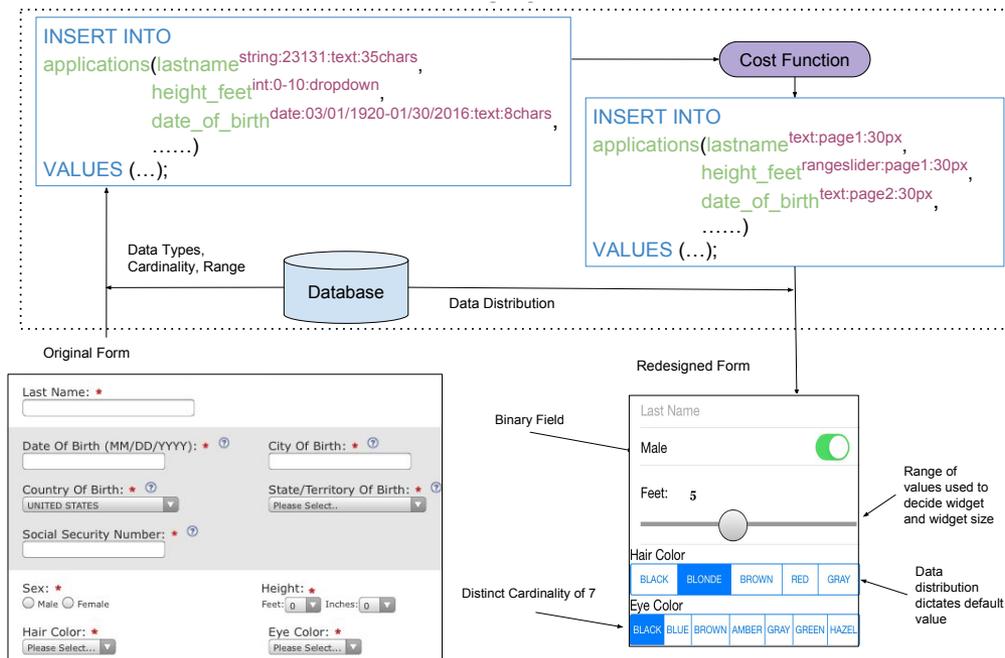
# Prior Work

- Manually optimizing forms for every interface can be taxing on the form designer
  - Designers prefer aesthetics to efficiency (Sears, 1995)
- Adaptive form generation – customized to individual user's ability
- Require interaction data which is not always available
- But every form feeds a database!



# Transformer

- Every form field corresponds to a database column
- Leverage prior input data estimate user effort
- Select form layout that minimizes user's data entry effort



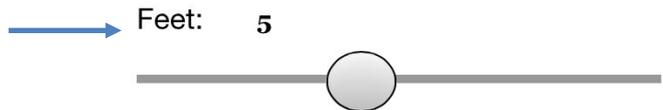
# Optimize Form Layout

Given a form (and its database), and display dimensions of output device, find the ideal data entry widget for each form field.

Segmented controller



Rangeslider



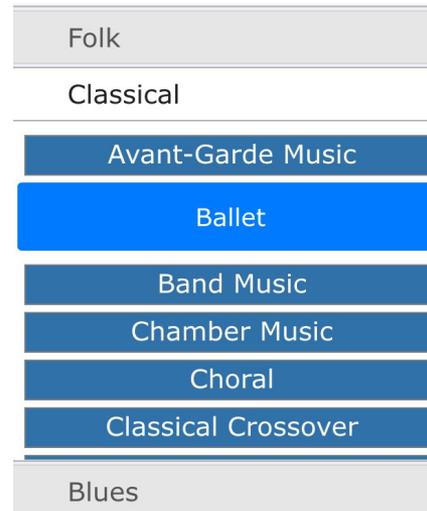
Text



Toggle



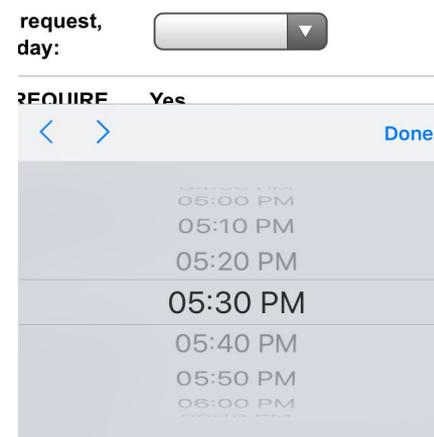
Radio button/  
Checkbox



Datepicker



Dropdown



# Cost Model of Human Effort

- Adaptation of the GOMS Keystroke-level Model (KLM)
- Weighted Sum of 4 Interactions: Tapping, Scrolling, Sliding, Typing

$$\begin{aligned} & \textit{no. of taps} \times w_{tap} + \textit{slider range} \times w_{slide} \\ & + \textit{no. of scrolls} \times w_{scroll} + \textit{length of word} \times w_{type} \end{aligned}$$

Leverage Database



# Leverage Database for Layout Optimizations and Constraints

- Schema based optimizations
  - Referential Integrity
- Datatype based constraints
- Cardinality based optimizations
  - Number of distinct items in a column

# Schema Based Optimizations

- One-to-one relationship
  - only one needs to be entered, other can be inferred
    - e.g. Zip code implies City
- One-to-many relationship
  - Can be used to eliminate values of second attribute
    - e.g. Entering State constrains the Cities

< Prev	State of Birth	Next >
	Alabama	
	Alaska	
	Arizona	
	Arkansas	
	California	
	Colorado	
	Connecticut	
	District of Columbia	
	Florida	
	Georgia	
	Hawaii	



< Prev	City of Birth	Next >
	Arden-Arcade	
	Bakersfield	
	Berkeley	
	Burbank	
	Carson	
	Chula Vista	
	Citrus Heights	
	Compton	
	Concord	
	Corona	
	Costa Mesa	

# Datatype and Cardinality Constraints

- Range sliders and datepickers are only valid for numeric and date datatypes
- Segmented controller only used when all options fit on one line



- Checkboxes: binary fields grouped by foreign-key



Select Genres [Next >](#)

Pop/Rock

- AM Pop
- Aboriginal Rock
- Acid Folk
- Acid Rock
- Adult Alternative Pop/Rock
- Adult Contemporary
- Album Rock

Rap

Country

# Database-Driven Cost Estimation

Widget	Cost
Radio	$\frac{\textit{count}}{\textit{display}} \times w_{\textit{scroll}} + w_{\textit{tap}}$
Dropdown	$\frac{\textit{count}}{\textit{display}} \times w_{\textit{scroll}} + 2 \times w_{\textit{tap}}$
Range slider	$(\textit{max} - \textit{min}) \times w_{\textit{slide}}$
Segmented Controller	$w_{\textit{tap}}$
Text	$\textit{avg length} \times w_{\textit{type}}$

# Grouping Fields

- Pagination vs. Scrolling
- Cost of widget-field combination depends on available page height
- Bottom-up approach: Add each field to page that has minimum cost widget

Whole page

How do you prefer to study?

In silence. I find noise distracting when I study.
In quiet. Soft music or noises don't bother me.
With noise. I can study almost anywhere.

Other fields on page

Do you have a pet that will be living with you here in Boston? If so, what kind/s?

Do you study at home?

Rarely  Frequently  Never  Occasionally

How do you prefer to study?



# Algorithm

- For each attribute:
  - For each page:
    - Find minimum cost widget
  - Add attribute to page with minimum cost widget

Book travel 

Flight Hotel Car Cruise Vacation

Roundtrip  One-way Multi-city ▶ Recent searches

From\* To\*

My dates are flexible

June 2016 ▼ 6 days ▼

1 adult ▼ Economy ▼

Search for award travel  [Changed bag rules and optional services](#)

Nonstop

[All search options](#) Search



Page 1 [Next >](#)

Trip Type

Round trip One way Multi-city

From

To

My dates are flexible

Adults (18-64)

Seniors ages 65+

Search for award travel

Nonstop

# Evaluation

- Form Completion Time
- Error Rate
- User Rating

# Dataset

- 8 Web forms
- Synthetically generated data (from database of names, countries, cities, etc.)

Form	Name	Text	Date	Dropdown	Buttons
A	Hilton Reservation	1	1	2	1
B	United Airlines	2		3	2
C	Library Search	1		5	37
D	Music Search	1		2	2
E	Roommate Matcher	5		8	10
F	Maintenance Request	4		2	5
G	Passport Application	9		6	1
H	Room Reservation	4	2	5	4

# Devices and Weights

- iPhone 5s – iOS 9.3.1
- 2 device size configurations
  - Smartphone screen size - *1136px by 640px*
  - Simulated watch screen size - *300px by 300px* - (no text input)
- Weights
  - Based on prior literature – details in paper
  - Validated with pilot study of 15 users

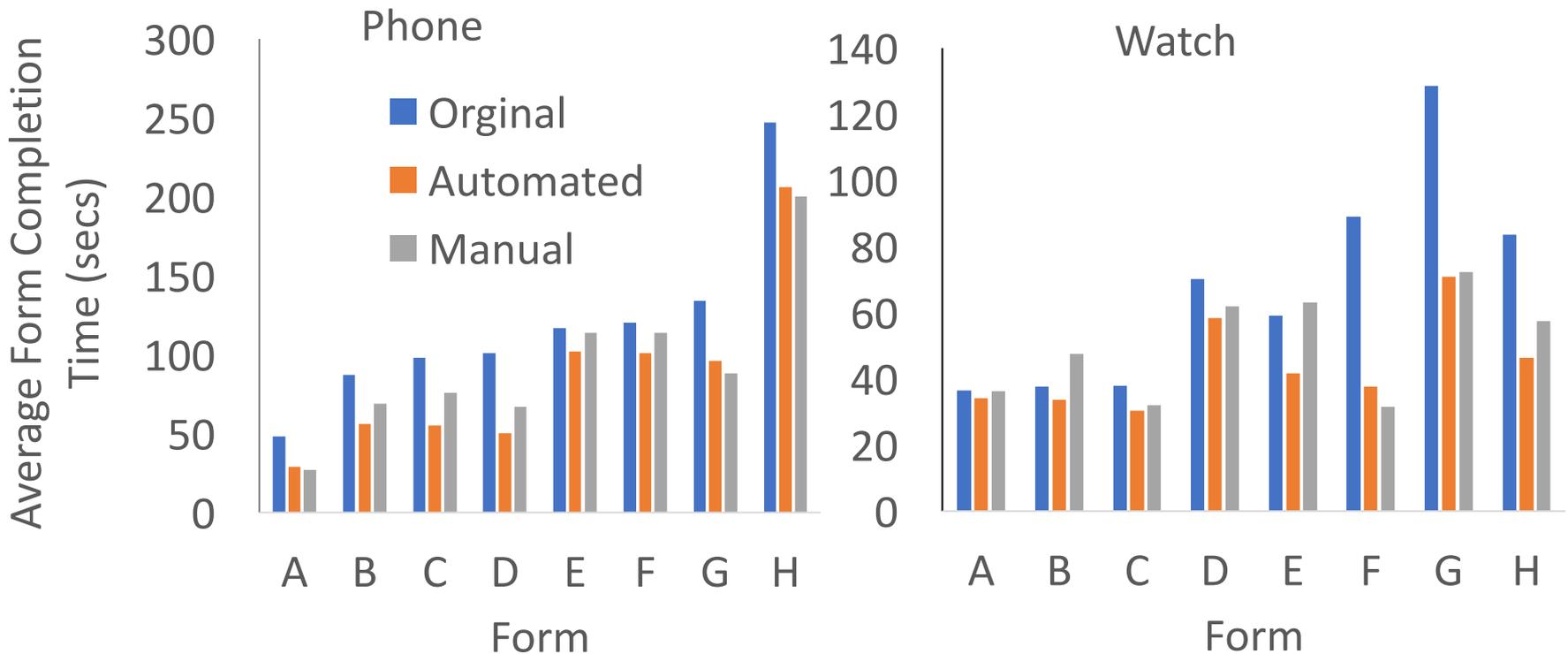
# User Study Setup

- 3 versions of each form: Original, Manually Optimized and Automatically Optimized
- 30 users
  - 15 (7 male, median age 22) for smartphone
  - 15 (7 male, median age 22) for simulated watch
- Within-subject study per device configuration
  - $3 \times 8 = 24$  forms per user
- Order of forms randomized

# User Study Procedure

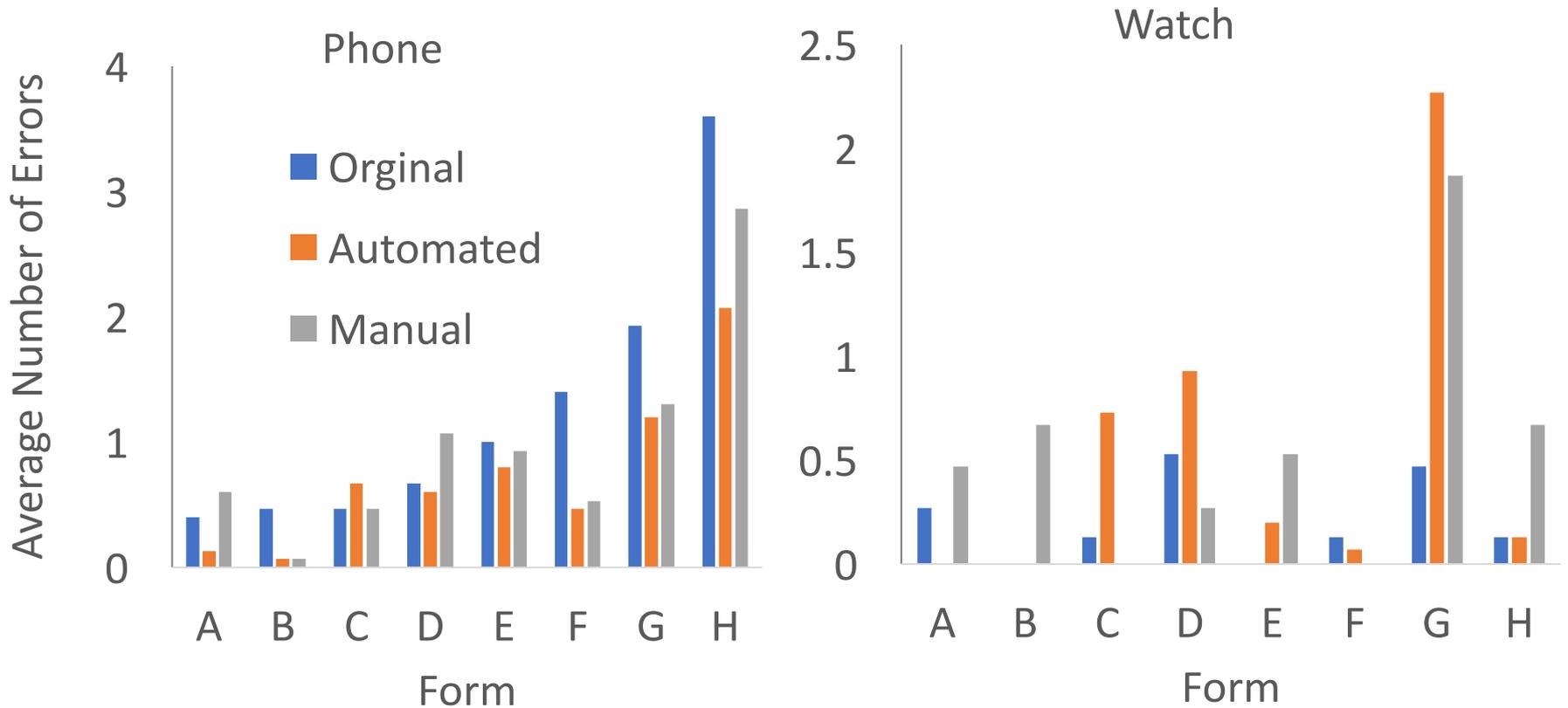
- Pre-study questionnaire on phone usage
  - No significant difference in results based on frequency of phone usage or phone type
- Presented with printed information to be filled in to control for motor memory
- Rate usability on scale of 1-10 at end of each of form

# Form Completion Time



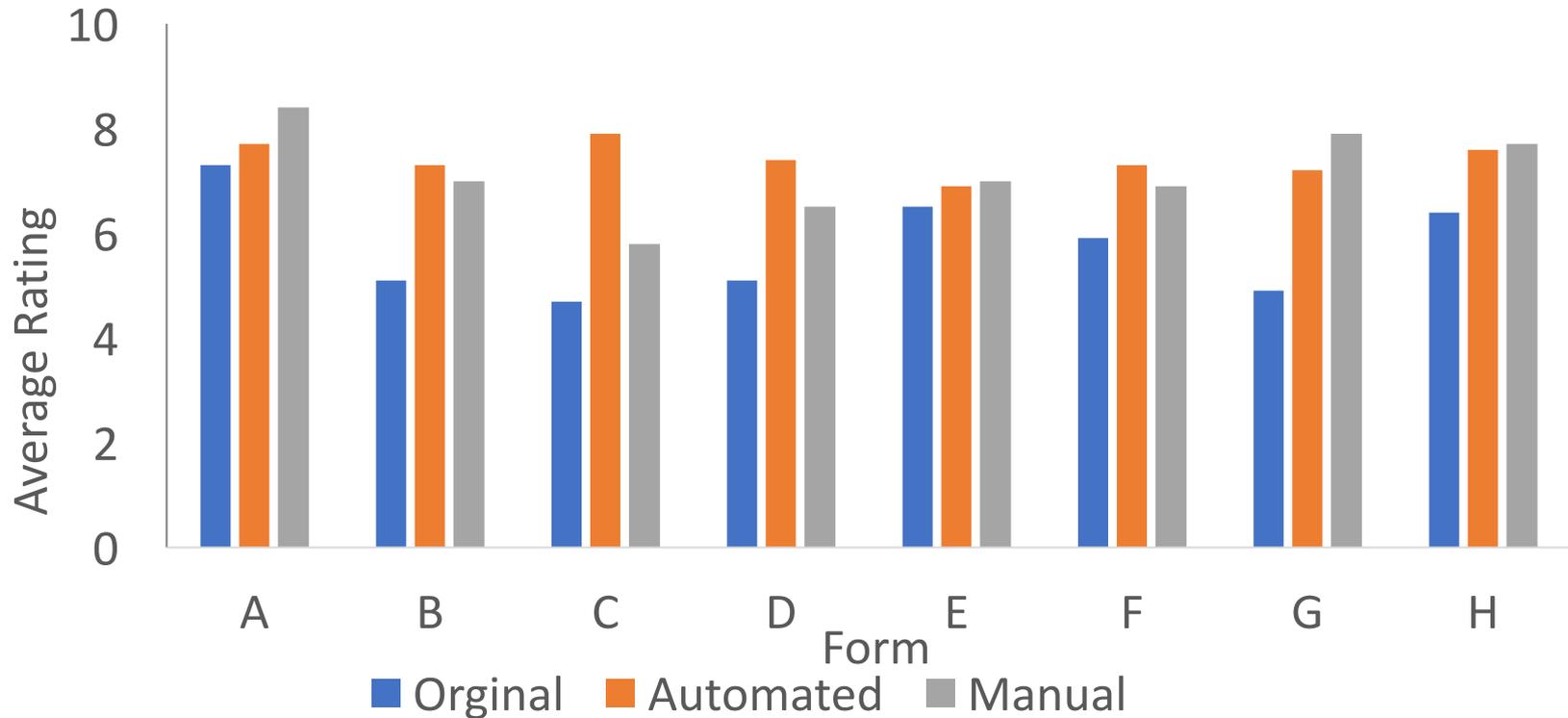
- Upto 50% reduction in form completion time between the original and automated forms

# Error Rate



- Most errors stemmed from text entry on phone
- On watch, redesigned forms had errors due to accidental selection due to large widget size

# User Rating - Phone



- Average Rating from 1-10 (10 indicated very usable)
- Results on simulated watch are comparable

# Summary

- Different screen sizes require different form layouts
- Leverage database to model cost of human input
- Automatically generate form layout for given screen size
- Future Work
  - Semantically group fields
  - Incorporate aesthetics into cost model

# interactive data systems

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## Thank you!



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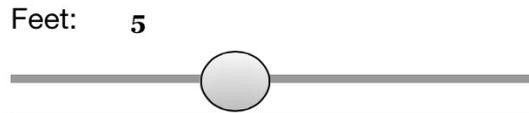


# Widgets

Segmented controller



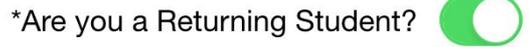
Rangeslider



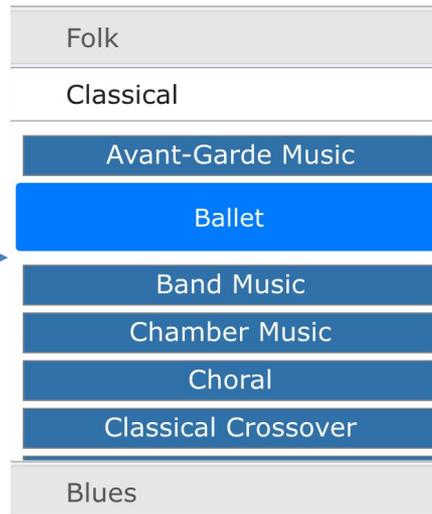
Text



Toggle



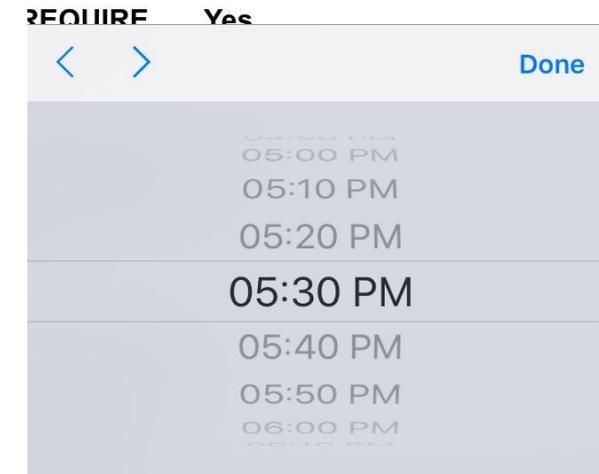
Radio button/  
Checkbox



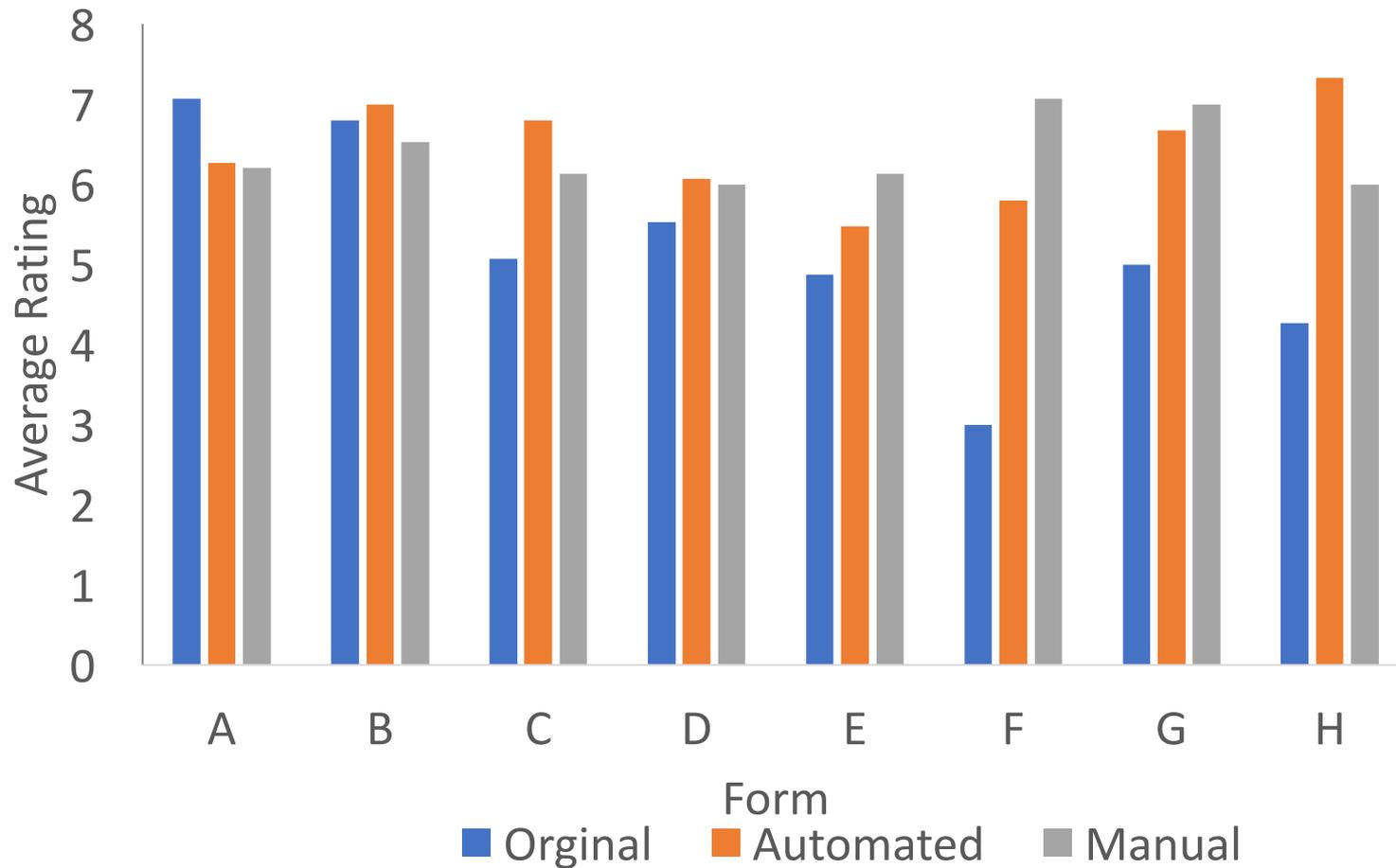
## Datepicker



## Dropdown



# User Rating - Watch



# Weights

- Based on prior literature
- Validated with pilot study of 15 users

Parameter	Weights
$w_{slide}$	.5
$w_{tap}$	1
$w_{scroll}$	3
$w_{type}$	7

# Cost Estimation per Widget

Folk
Classical
Avant-Garde Music
Ballet
Band Music
Chamber Music
Choral
Classical Crossover
Blues

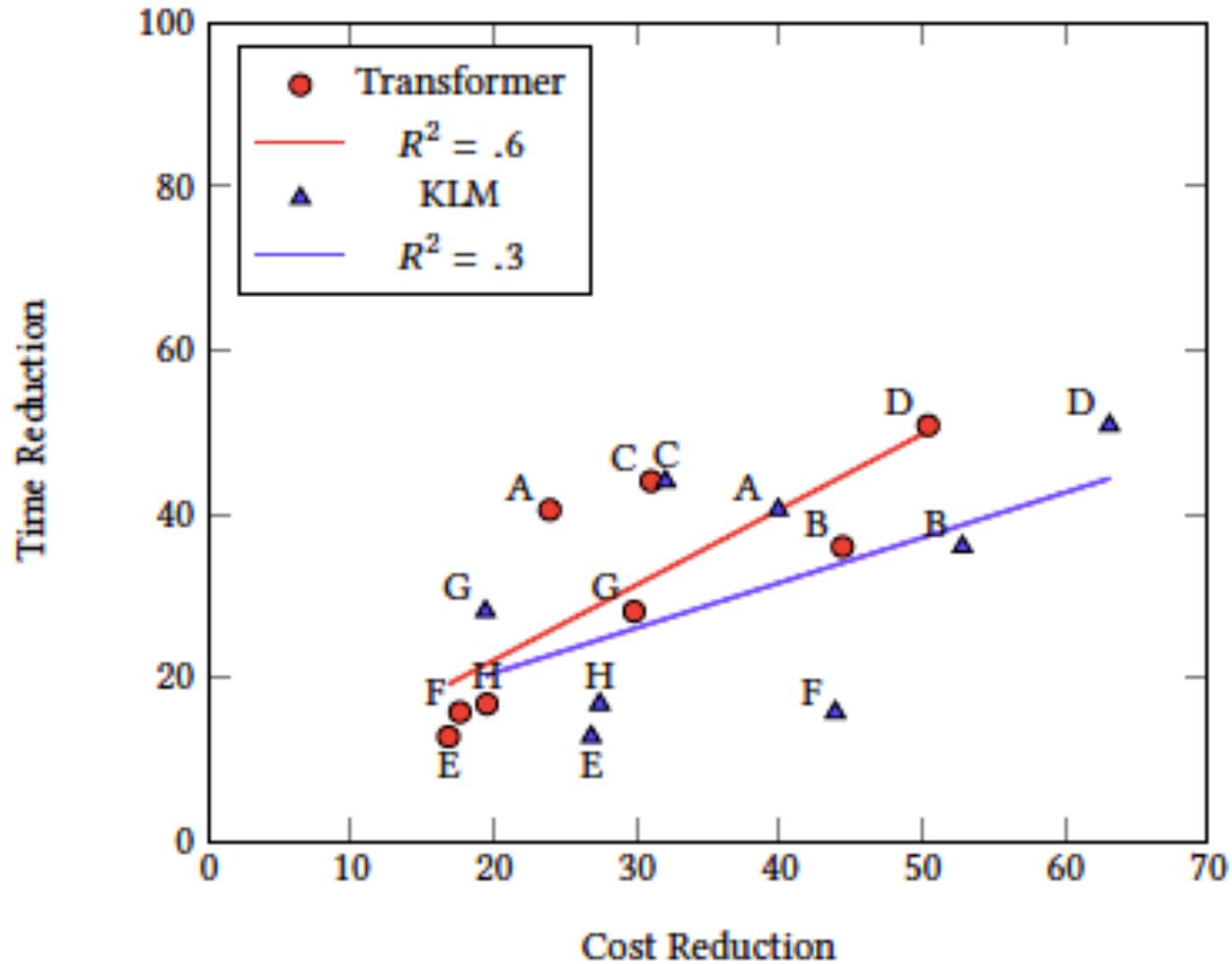


Widget	Cost
Radio	$\frac{count}{display} \times w_{scroll} + w_{tap}$
Range slider	$(max - min) \times w_{slide}$
Segmented Controller	$w_{tap}$
Text	$avg\ length \times w_{type}$

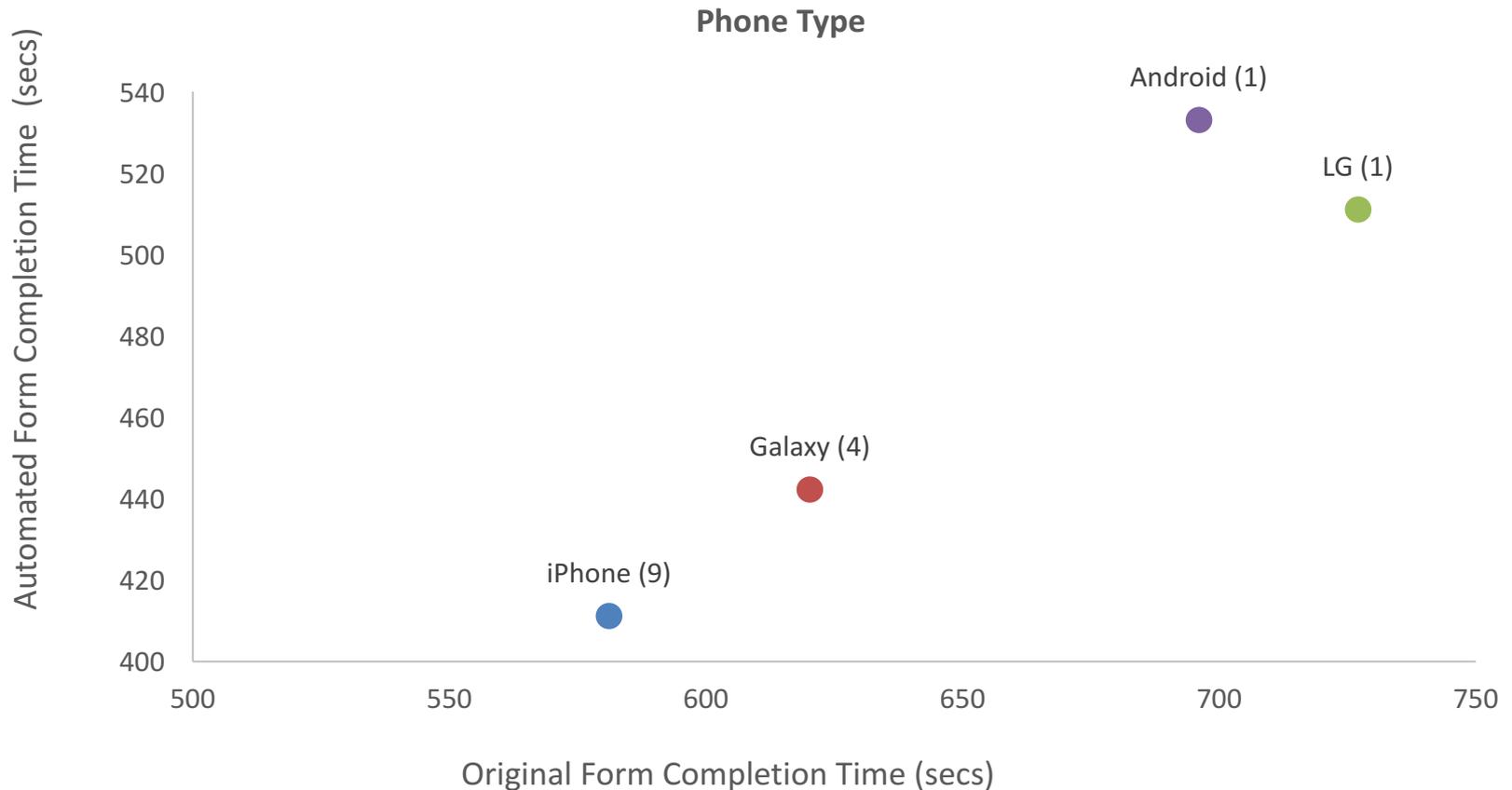
- Sliders can only be used for numerical fields
- Toggle and checkboxes are only compatible with binary fields



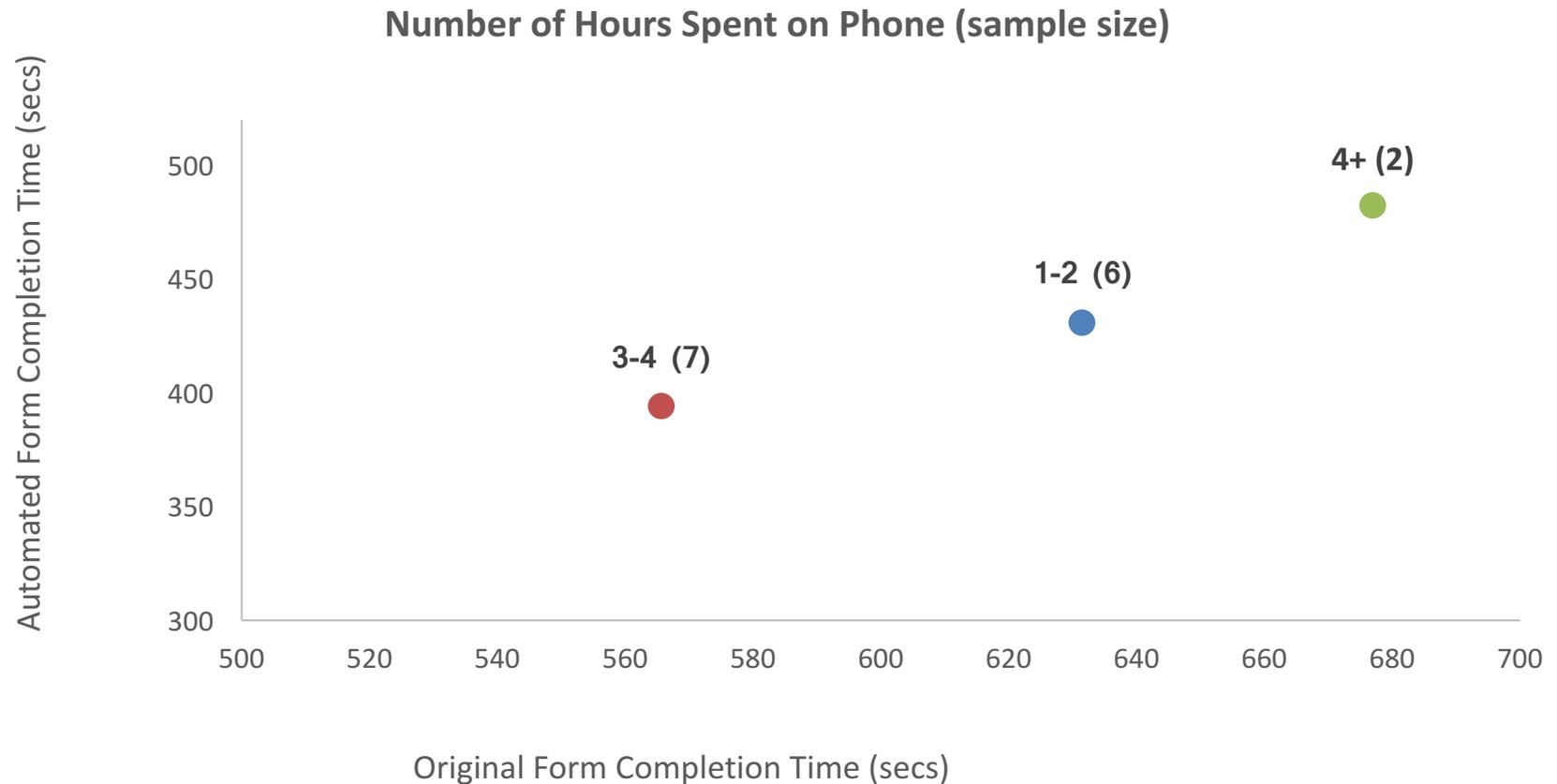
# Cost Validation



# Smartphone Completion Time By Phone Type



# Smartphone Completion Time By Phone Type



# Database-Driven Cost Estimation

Widget	Cost
Radio	$\frac{count}{display} \times w_{scroll} + w_{tap}$
Checkbox	$\frac{count}{display} \times w_{scroll} + w_{tap} \times count$
Range slider	$(max - min) \times w_{slide}$
Datepicker	$(count_{month} + count_{year}) \times w_{tap} + w_{tap}$
Segmented Controller	$w_{tap}$
Dropdown	$count \times w_{scroll} + 2 \times w_{tap}$
Toggle	$w_{tap}$
Text	$avg\ length \times w_{type}$